

AIM: 2-2 I will be able to use *Order of Operations* to evaluate numerical expressions!

Name _____

Date _____

Mrs. Ashley

Math 6 - Period _____

Warm-up: You buy a used guitar for \$50. You then pay \$10 for each of five guitar lessons. The total cost can be found by evaluating the numerical expression below:


$$50 + 10 \cdot 5$$

Will the total cost be \$100 or \$300? Show your work below.

Work Space:

~~$$\begin{array}{r} 50 + 10 \cdot 5 \\ \checkmark \\ 60 \cdot 5 \\ \checkmark \\ \$300 \end{array}$$~~

$$\begin{array}{r} 50 + (10 \cdot 5) \\ \checkmark \\ 50 + 50 \\ \checkmark \\ \$100 \end{array}$$



Explain, in complete sentences, how you got your answer!

The total cost will be \$100 because EACH lesson is \$10. Five lessons will cost \$50 ($5 \times \10). Add the cost of the guitar to get \$100.

Order of operations tells us to multiply before addition

VOCABULARY:

EVALUATE - To find the value of a mathematical expression. (answer)

ORDER OF OPERATIONS - The rules to follow when more than one operation is used.

(PEMDAS) GEMDAS (+, -, x, ÷)

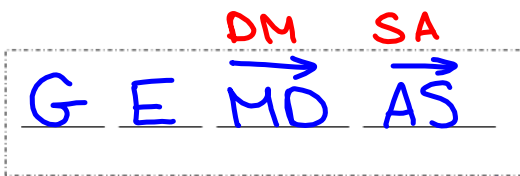
VARIABLE - A symbol, usually a letter, used to represent a number. x = 3 y, n

EXPRESSION - A mathematical sentence containing numbers, variables, and operation symbols. Does not include an equal sign. (+, -, x, ÷)



Let's Investigate: Why is the ORDER OF OPERATIONS important? (video)

Order of Operations



Step 1: Grouping symbols



Step 2: Exponents

Step 3: Multiply and/or Divide (Left to Right)

Step 4: Add and/or Subtract (Left to Right)

Please Excuse (My Dear) Aunt Sally



Evaluate the following using the ORDER OF OPERATIONS!

Show work for EACH step! **No(=) signs!**

<p>1) $3^2 + 5 \cdot 4$</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px dashed gray; padding: 5px; margin-right: 20px;"> <p>G ✓</p> <hr/> <p>E ✓</p> <hr/> <p>M ✓</p> <hr/> <p>D ✓</p> <hr/> <p>A ✓</p> <hr/> <p>S ✓</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> $\begin{array}{r} \downarrow \\ 9 + 5 \cdot 4 \\ 9 + 20 \\ \hline 29 \end{array}$ </div> </div>	<p>2) $(3^2 + 5) \cdot 4$</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px dashed gray; padding: 5px; margin-right: 20px;"> <p>G ✓</p> <hr/> <p>E ✓</p> <hr/> <p>M ✓</p> <hr/> <p>D ✓</p> <hr/> <p>A ✓</p> <hr/> <p>S ✓</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> $\begin{array}{r} \downarrow \\ (9 + 5) \cdot 4 \\ 14 \cdot 4 \\ \hline 56 \end{array}$ </div> </div>
<p>3) $12 \div 3 \cdot 2 + 4^2$</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px dashed gray; padding: 5px; margin-right: 20px;"> <p>G ✓</p> <hr/> <p>E ✓</p> <hr/> <p>M ✓</p> <hr/> <p>D ✓</p> <hr/> <p>A ✓</p> <hr/> <p>S ✓</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> $\begin{array}{r} \downarrow \\ 12 \div 3 \cdot 2 + 16 \\ 4 \cdot 2 + 16 \\ 8 + 16 \\ \hline 24 \end{array}$ </div> </div>	<p>4) $12 \div (3 \cdot 2) + 4^2$</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px dashed gray; padding: 5px; margin-right: 20px;"> <p>G ✓</p> <hr/> <p>E ✓</p> <hr/> <p>M ✓</p> <hr/> <p>D ✓</p> <hr/> <p>A ✓</p> <hr/> <p>S ✓</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> $\begin{array}{r} \downarrow \\ 12 \div 6 + 4^2 \\ 12 \div 6 + 16 \\ 2 + 16 \\ \hline 18 \end{array}$ </div> </div>



Now You Try!

5) Would you be happy if you received the following score on a math test?

Score: $100 - 50 \div 5 \cdot 10$

MD
AS
FG

Show your work:

$$100 - 50 \div 5 \cdot 10$$

$$100 - 10 \cdot 10$$

$$100 - 100$$

$$0$$

Explain your reasoning:

No! I would not want to get a ZERO on my math test.

When you follow order of operations, you must first divide, then multiply, and then subtract.

6) **Can you find the error?** Highlight the error in each problem. Then, rework the problem in the box to get the correct answer.

a) $10 + 16 + 34 \div 2 - 1$

$26 + 34 \div 2 - 1$

$60 \div 2 - 1$

$30 - 1$

29

a)

$$10 + 16 + 34 \div 2 - 1$$

$$10 + 16 + 17 - 1$$

$$26 + 17 - 1$$

$$43 - 1$$

$$42$$

b) $70 - 2(5 + 3)$

$70 - 2 \cdot (8)$

$68 \cdot (8)$

544

b)

$$70 - 2(5 + 3)$$

$$70 - 2(8)$$

$$70 - 16$$

$$54$$

c) $61 - 5 \cdot 2^3 + 5$

$61 - 5 \cdot 6 + 5$

$61 - 30 + 5$

$31 + 5$

36

c)

$$61 - 5 \cdot 8 + 5$$

$$61 - 40 + 5$$

$$21 + 5$$

$$26$$